

MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES IN COUNSELLING



Causes of Psychological Disorder

NATURE

INHERITED FACTORS

Family History

Family Traits

Twin Studies

Pevelopmental Factors



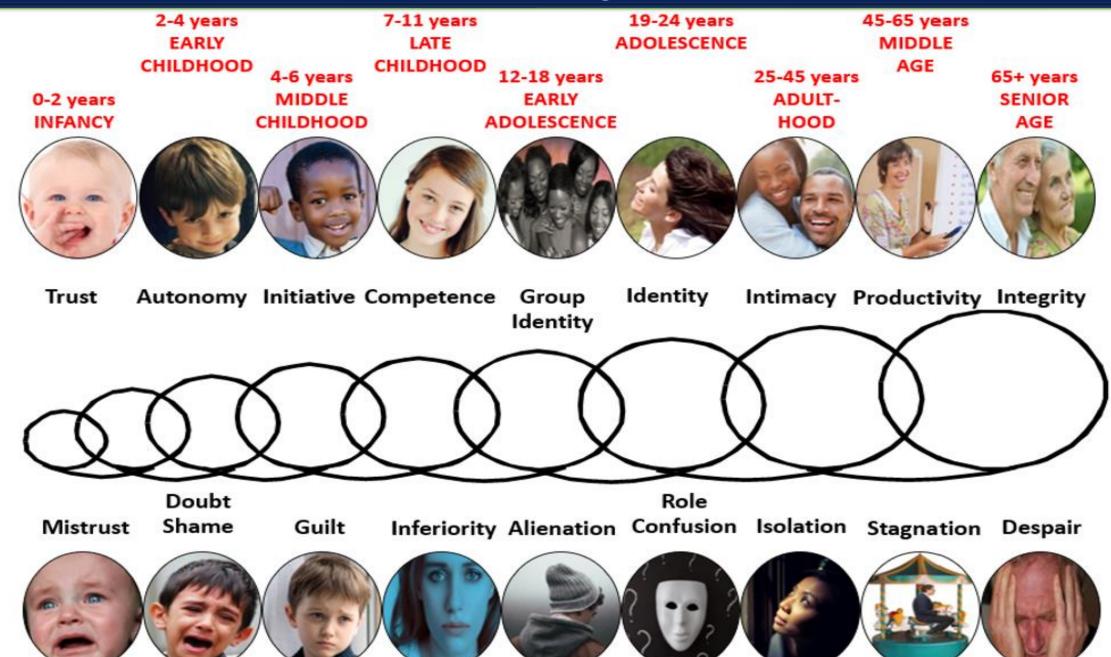
BOTH / AND 100% / 100%

NURTURE

ENVIRONMENT

In womb **Early trauma** Insecure attachment Life stages Bereavement **Abuse Abandonment** Illness

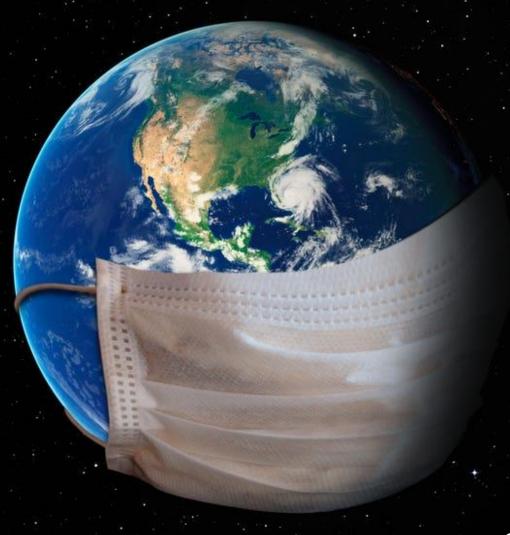
Erikson's Life Stages/States



BALANCE



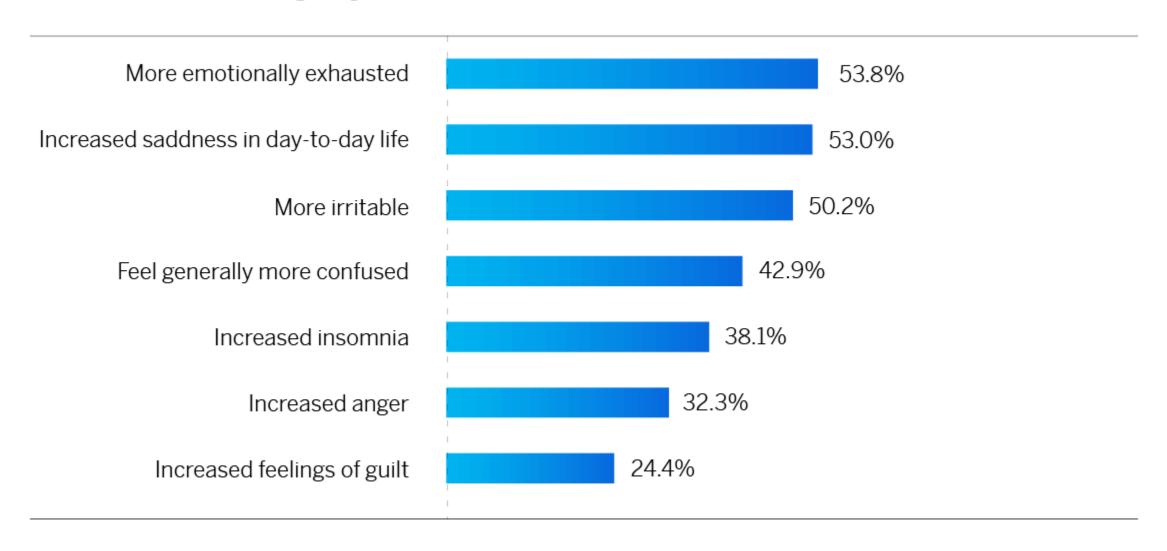
When the world lost its balance



Covid 19

WHEN THE WHOLE WORLD BECAME UNSAFE

Mental health symptoms since COVID-19 outbreak



GLOBAL PANDEMIC IMPACT ON MENTAL HEALTH



- Fear of virus
- Fear of contamination
- Getting sick
- Isolation / separation
- Extravert vs Introvert
- Loss of family connection
- Loss of employment
- Loss of business
- Weddings, funerals, birthdays hit
- Impact on holidays
- Theatres closed
- Food and other shortages
- Impact on children and young people

Famous people who have suffered from Mental Illness



ALEXANDER THE GREAT (Bipolar... or alcoholic?)



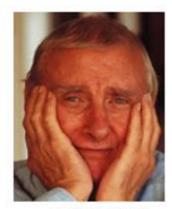
CLAUDE MONET Clinical Depression



NAPOLEON Bipolar



FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE Bipolar – also heard voices



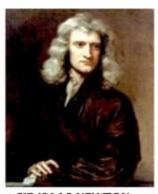
SPIKE MILLIGAN Bipolar – at least 20 mental breakdowns



QUEEN VICTORIA Depression



BEETHOVEN Bipolar



SIR ISAAC NEWTON Bipolar



MARILYN MONROE Bipolar



STEPHEN FRY Bipolar

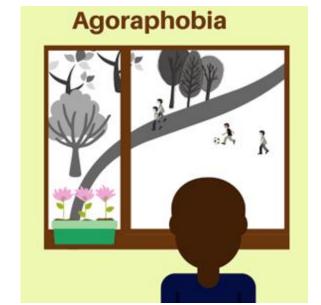
Bipolar? Hitler, Churchill, Keats, Byron, Picasso, Britney Spears ...

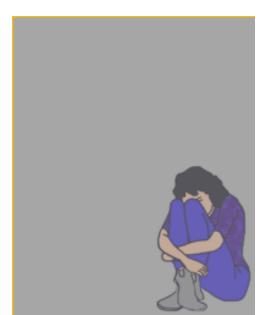
Depression? Abraham Lincoln, van Gogh, Jim Carrey...

Schizophrenia – John Nash, Mathematician and Nobel Prizewinner (film "A Beautiful Mind")

LACK OF SAFETY – PERSONAL AND GLOBAL

- A global pandemic
- Climate change
- Russia/Ukraine
- Loss of income / job
- Being involved in an accident
- Being scammed
- Betrayal and abandonment
- +++





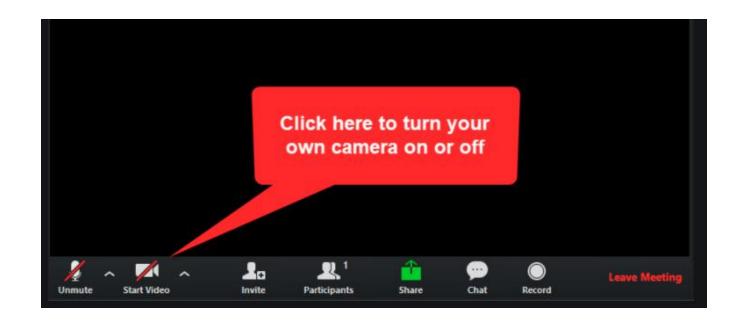
- not safe in the world
- not safe in the future
- not safe in the future
- not safe financially
- not safe on the roads
- not safe online
- not safe in relationships





PLEASE TURN YOUR VIDEO OFF FOR THE FILM

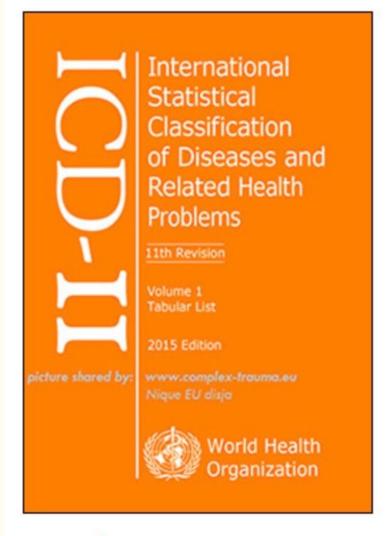
THANK YOU!

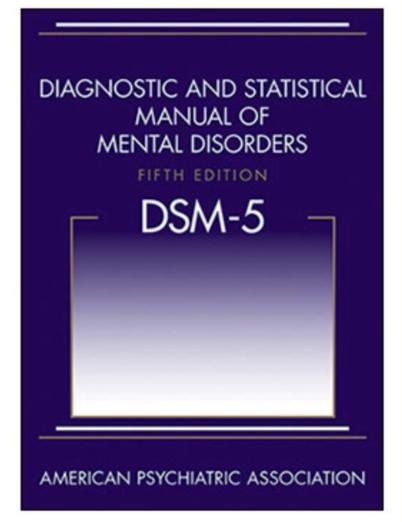


ALEX'S STORY



HOW ARE DISEASES CLASSIFIED?











COGNITIVE FUNCTION

To do with concentration, memory, understanding, intelligence, grasp, judgement

AFFECTIVE DISORDERS

Disorders of mood

NEUROSES

Disorders of emotions, belief, behaviour and the will, associated with anxiety, fear, and/or depression but less than psychosis.



PSYCHOSIS

- A greater disturbance of mental functioning hallucinations, delusions
- Abnormal behaviours, eg gross excitement, over-activity or slowing down of movements to the point of being catatonic, often related to hallucinations or abnormal mood

HALLUCINATIONS

- Abnormal sense experiences
- Seeing visions, hearing sounds/ voices, feelings or sensations not usually regarded as normal or healthy



DELUSIONS

- Mistaken beliefs in spite of evidence to the contrary
- Not understandable in social setting
- eg I am being spied on, I am impoverished, my guts are rotting away, I am Napoleon...

DELIRIUM

- Confusion and disturbance of consciousness
- Usually associated with physical illness, alcohol or drugs



DEMENTIA

- Disturbance of higher brain function, memory, thinking, orientation, comprehension, calculation, learning, language and judgement.
- Consciousness is not clouded.
- Impaired cognitive function accompanied by deterioration in emotional control, social behaviour and motivation.
- •Interference with personal activities of daily living, eg washing, dressing, eating, hygiene.

Anxiety Disorders

ANXIETY DISORDERS: GENERALISED ANXIETY DISORDER

Highly prevalent - estimated up to 15% of the population

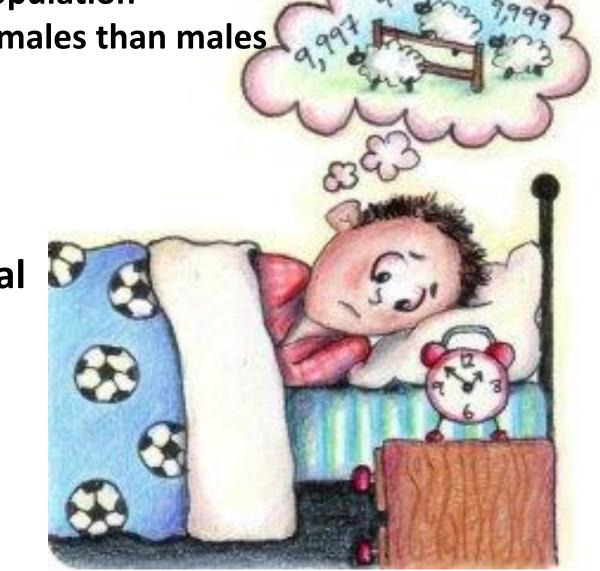
Higher incidence in females than males

CLINICAL FEATURES

- Apprehensive Hypervigilant
- Disturbed sleep
- Muscle tension Autonomic arousal

AETIOLOGY (Causes)

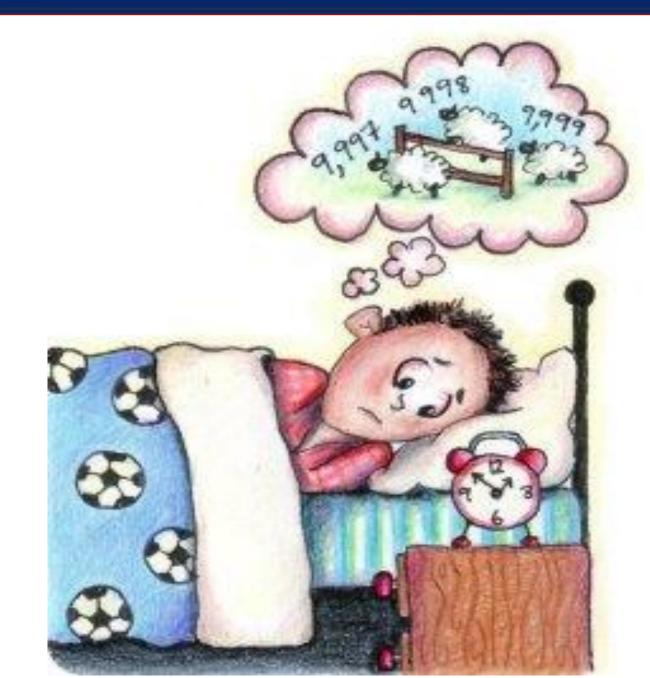
- Genetic predisposition
- Childhood stressors
- Current stressors



ANXIETY DISORDERS: GENERALISED ANXIETY DISORDER

MANAGEMENT

- Reassurance
- CBT
- Mindfulness
- Medication
- Anxiolytics short term
- Antidepressants
- Beta Blockers



ANXIETY DISORDERS: PANIC DISORDERS

- An intense anxiety attack
- Feelings of apprehension/impending doom
- Associated symptoms
 - Rapid heartbeat
 - Shortness of breath
 - Chest discomfort
 - Smothering sensation
 - Dizziness
 - Numbness
 - Hot flushes
 - Cold hands
 - Sweating
 - Faintness
 - Trembling

- Feelings of unreality
- Fear of dying
- Fear of going crazy
- Fear of doing something uncontrollable

Often begins in late adolescence

More common in women than men

Treatment

- CBT
- Medication
- Psychodynamic
- Other therapies

ANXIETY DISORDERS: OBSESSIVE COMPULSIVE DISORDER







- Unreasonable thoughts, fears or worries
- Try to manage through ritualised activities to reduce the anxiety
- Frequently occurring distressing thoughts or images are called obsessions

ANXIETY DISORDERS: OBSESSIVE COMPULSIVE DISORDER







- The rituals performed to try to prevent or dispel them are called compulsions
- The most common compulsions include repetitive hand washing/checking/ touching
- Aim to avoid contamination or contaminating / harm or harming
- May be characterised by excessive orderliness and perfectionism
- Difficult to treat

FAMOUS PEOPLE WITH OBSESSIVE COMPULSIVE DISORDER

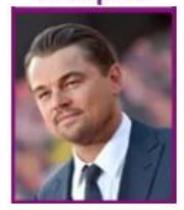
Frank Sinatra



David Beckham



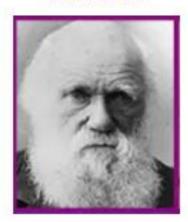
Leonardo DiCaprio



Cameron Diaz



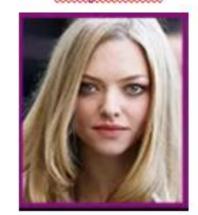
Charles Darwin



Martin Luther



Amanda Seyfried

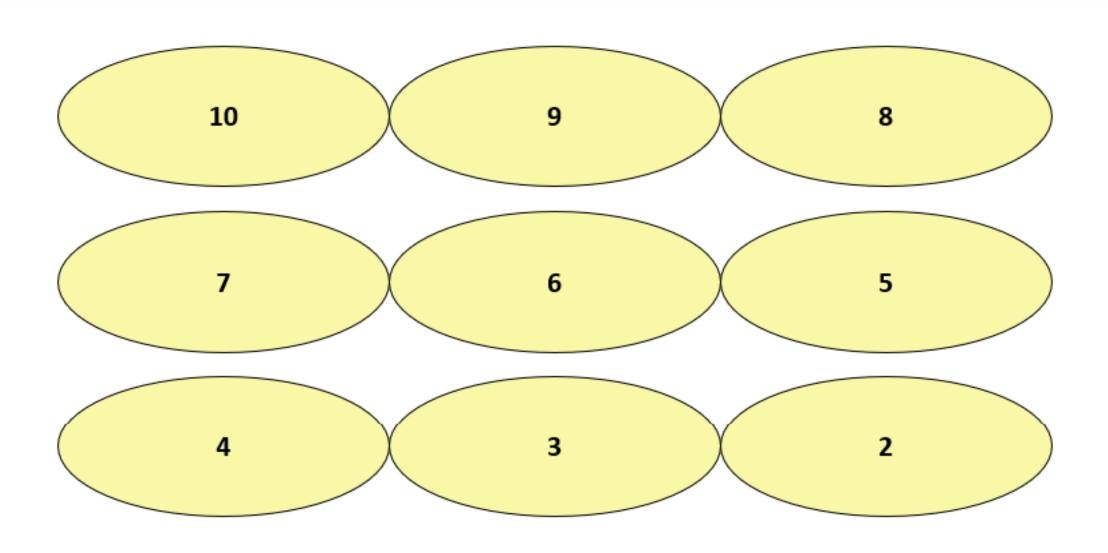


Justin Timberlake



ANXIETY DISORDERS: PHOBIC DISORDERS

Can you name the 10 most common Phobias?



Affective (Mood) Disorders

DEPRESSION

SYMPTOMS

- Depressed mood, worse in the morning
- Early morning waking
- Loss of interest/concentration
- Tiredness, hopelessness
- Reduced self-esteem, sense of guilt, unworthiness
- Perplexity, agitation
- Loss of energy/libido/appetite
- Hypochondria
- Depersonalisation (outside oneself/watching a movie)
- Derealisation (world around you unreal/'foggy')
- Suicidal ideation

Psychotic Symptoms when severe

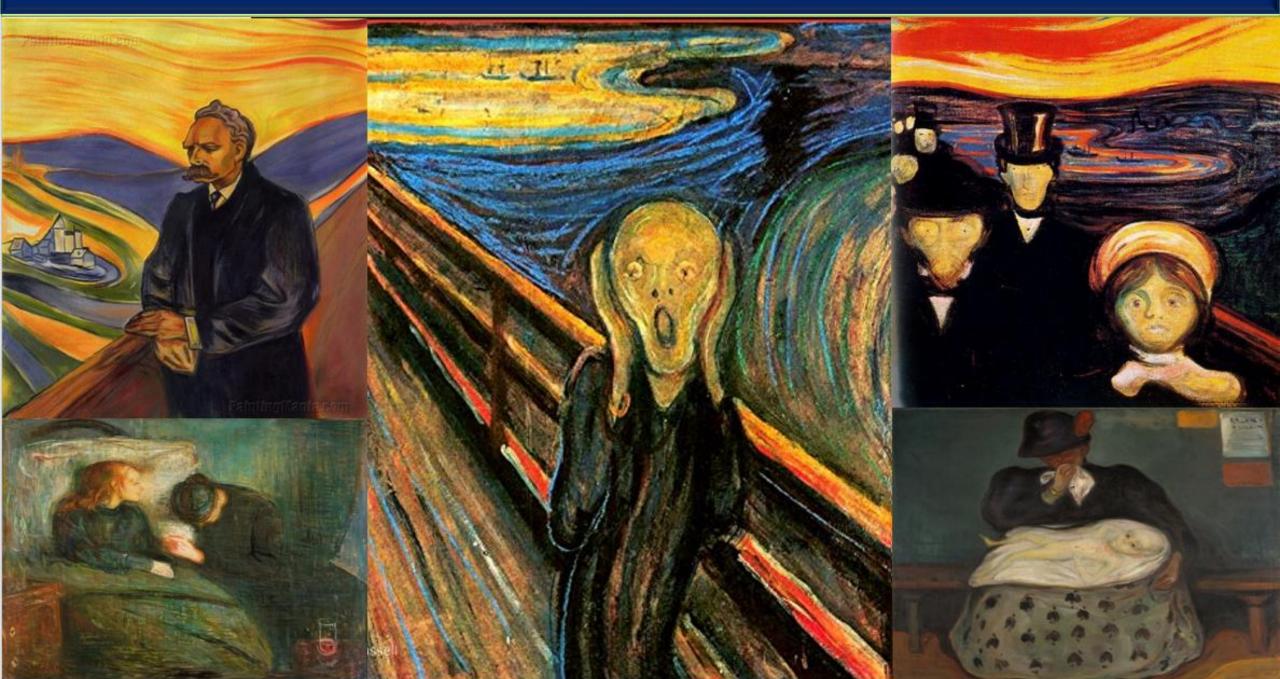
Delusion of sin/poverty, imminent disaster, physical illness, auditory hallucinations, accusing voices, stupor

Recurrent Depressive Disorder



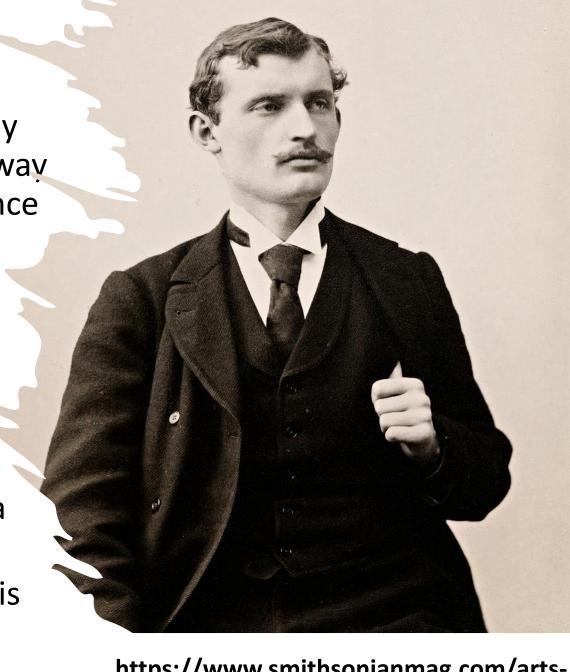


EDVARD MUNCH



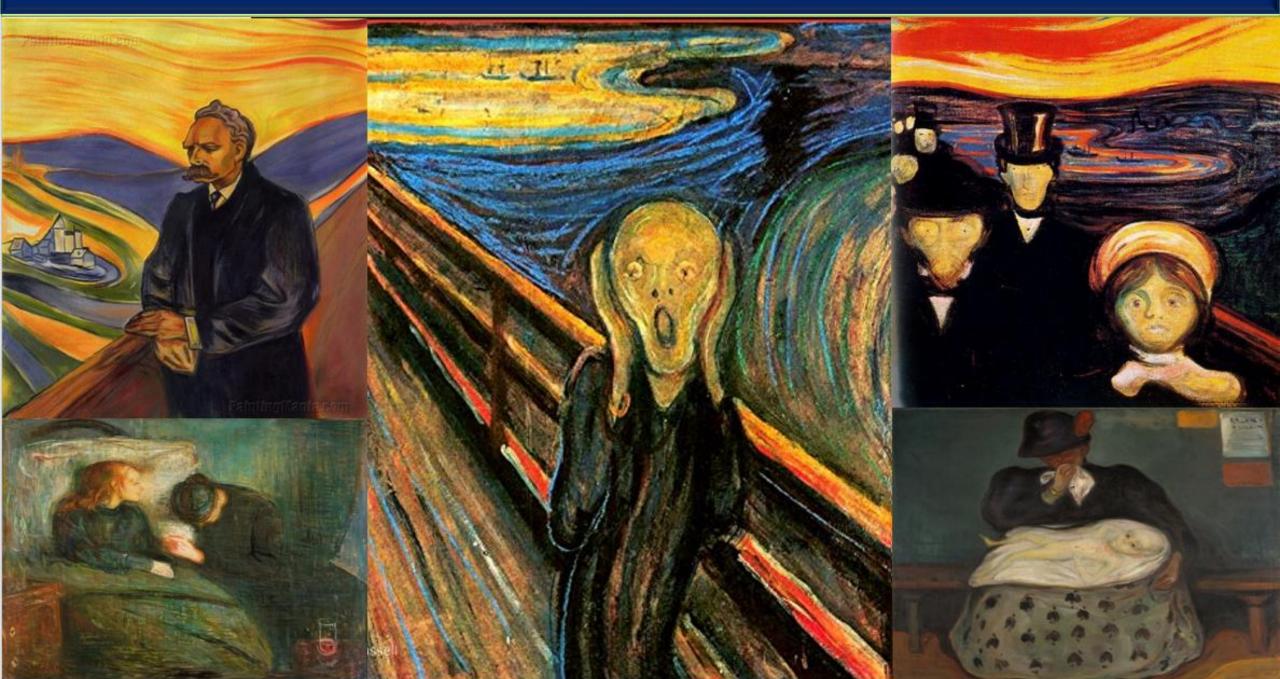
EDVARD MUNCH (1863 – 1944)

- Age 2 his mother died (left 5 children)
- Father instilled deep-rooted fear in children by repeatedly telling them if they sinned in any way they would be doomed to hell without a chance of pardon - mother "watching from heaven"
- One of his sisters was diagnosed with mental illness at a very early age
- Age 14 his favourite sister died
- Munch often ill with depression/anxiety/ bipolar disorder/alcohol addiction
- Only 1 sibling, Andreas, married but he died a few months later
- Munch never married his paintings were "his children" – never wanted to be parted from them.

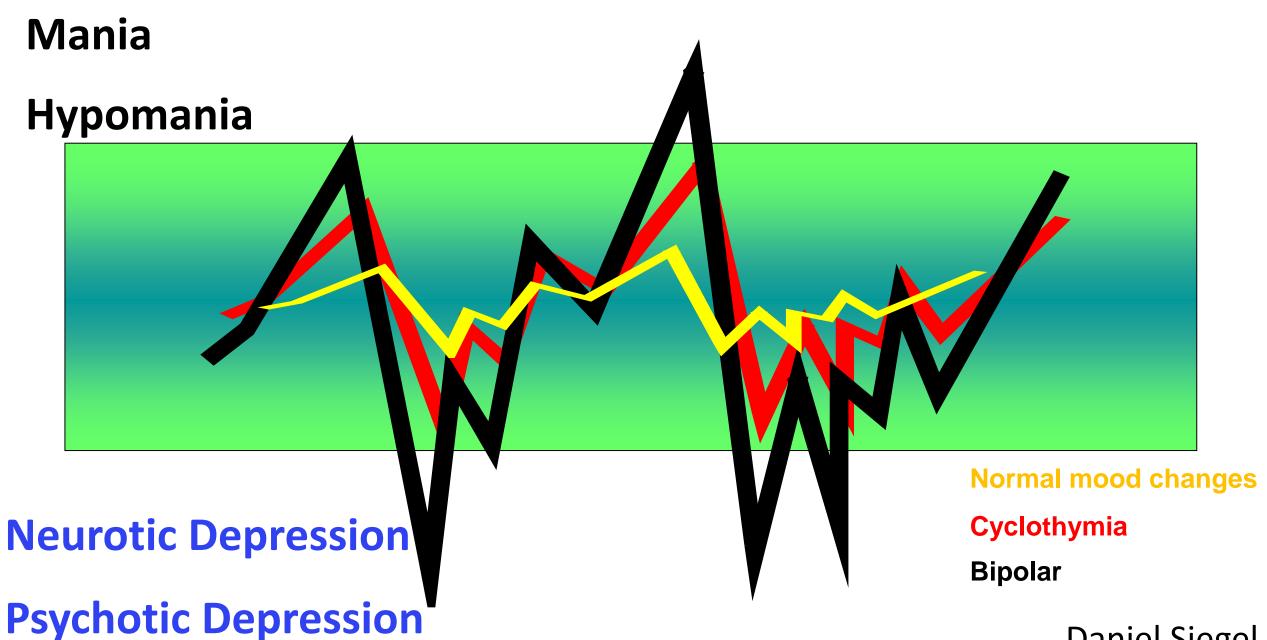


https://www.smithsonianmag.com/arts-culture/edvard-munch-beyond-the-scream-111810150/

EDVARD MUNCH



THE WINDOW OF TOLERANCE - THE SPECTRUM OF MOOD DISORDERS



Daniel Siegel

CYCLICAL DISORDERS: CYCLOTHYMIA



- Mood swings
- Begins early in life
- May have no obvious triggers
- May be passed off as 'normal' for that personality

CYCLICAL DISORDERS: BIPOLAR DISORDER

HYPOMANIA

Symptoms may include:

Persistent elevation of mood for several days

Increased energy and activity: less sleep

- Feelings of well-being
- Increased mental & physical activity
- Increased sociability, talkativeness, over-familiarity
- Increased sexual energy
- Irritability, conceit & boorishness
- New ventures
- Interferes with work & social activity



CYCLICAL DISORDERS – BIPOLAR DISORDERS

MANIA - *May include:*

- Elation, pressure of speech
- Grandiose schemes
- Inflated self-esteem
- Over-optimistic
- Distractability
- Sexual lability
- Reckless spending
- Aggressive & disruptive



CYCLICAL DISORDERS – BIPOLAR DISORDERS

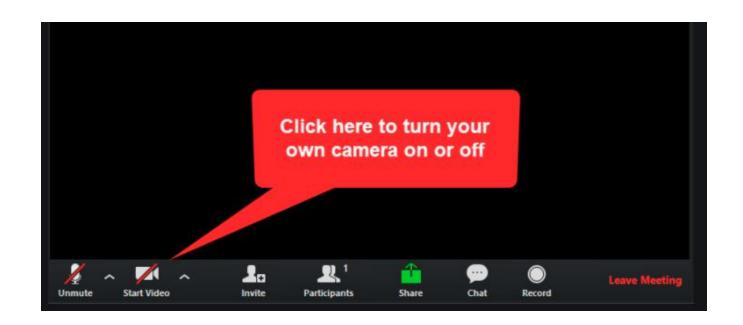
MANIA WITH PSYCHOTIC SYMPTOMS - *May include:*

- Grandiose ideas → delusions
- Irritability → persecutions
- Flight of ideas
- Severe sustained physical activity
- Neglect of personal attention
- Psychosis



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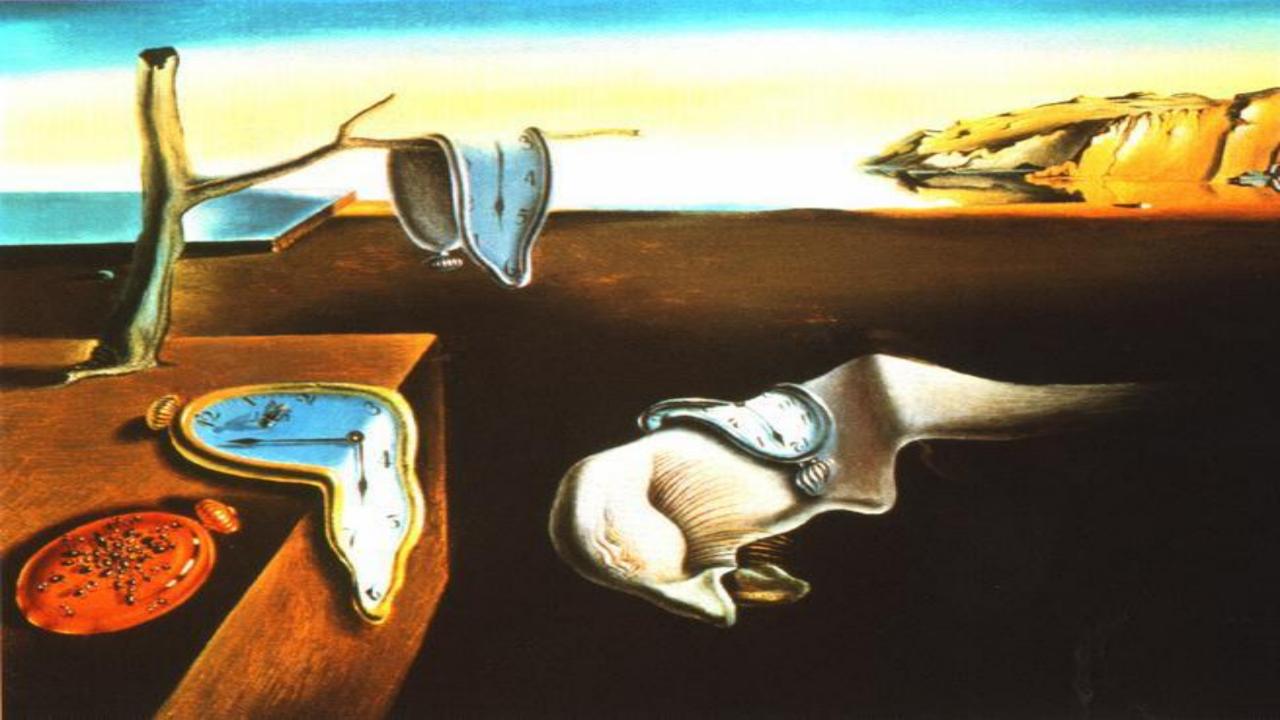
THANK YOU!



DENISE'S STORY



The Schizophrenias



THE SCHIZOPHRENIAS

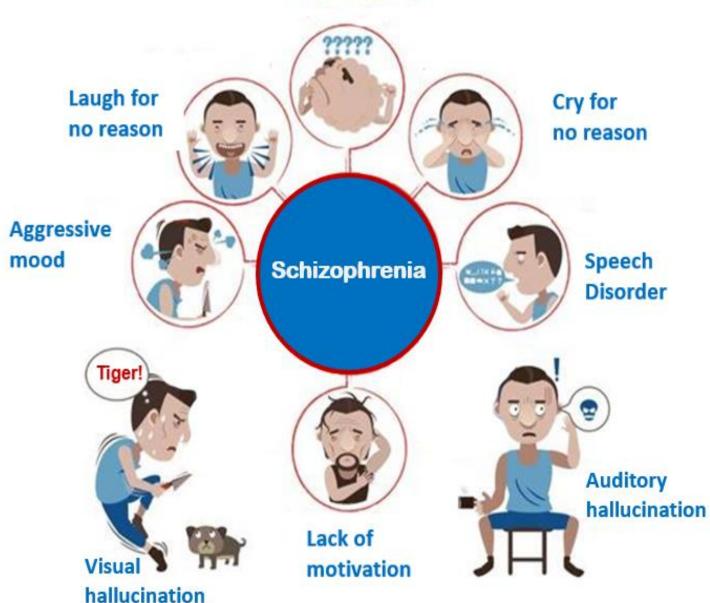
It is <u>not</u> about having a 'split personality' like Jekyll and Hyde!!

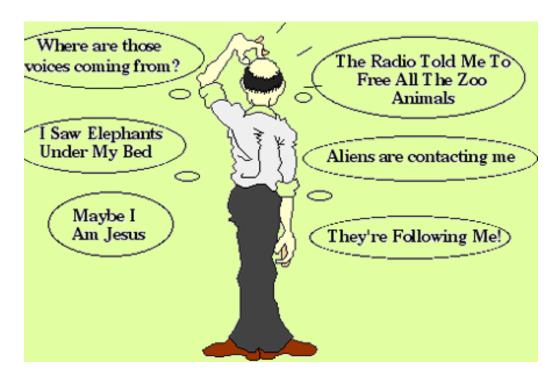
- A group of mental illnesses with specific psychological symptoms leading, in some cases, to a disorganisation of personality
- Symptoms interfere with thinking, emotions, cognitions and motor behaviour
- The personality disorganisation may result in chronic invalidism and lifelong psychiatric care



THE SCHIZOPHRENIAS

Poor Memory





THE CREATIVE EDGE



While rehearsing for a Christmas edition of Whose Line Is It Anyway?, the comedian started to cry while talking to a friend as he believed he was Jesus. He describes that at the time he had a heightened state of excitement but then also started to ramble.

Refusing to call it a mental breakdown but rather a manic episode. "I felt good, I felt alive, I felt alert, I was full of energy. It was the people around me who were getting worried," the star tells The Guardian.

Paul Merton
'Have I got news for you',
'Just a Minute'

What I wanted was for somebody to hug me. But he, being a typical middle-class male, was keeping his distance. And his emotional detachment made me feel even more alone. When he went away, I felt so lonely, I howled, like animals cry."

JOAN OF ARC: SAINT OR SCHIZOPHRENIC?





THE SCHIZOPHRENIAS

Incidence

Up to 1% of the population
Up to 12% chance if one parent has it
Up to 25% chance if both parents have
it

Up to 40% chance if identical twin has

it

PARANOID

Dominated by delusions of persecution ... ideas of reference, eg "The TV is speaking to me..." Sense of being 'special'.

Outcome

Very variable
Can be complete recovery or gradual decline over lifetime



Combined Schizophrenia and

Mood disorder

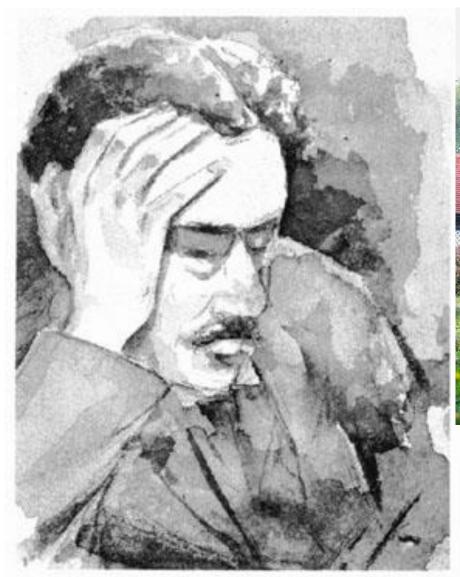
THE SCHIZOPHRENIAS

DISORGANISED

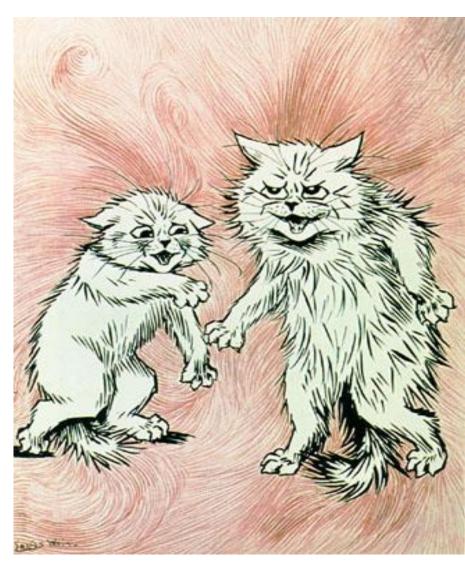
- Starts young, age 15-25
- Severe disorganisation of emotions, behaviour and language
- Inappropriate smiling/giggling/mannerisms
- Unpredictable
- Preoccupation with religion, philosophy and abstract themes.



THE SCHIZOPHRENIAS – LOUIS WAIN, 1860-1836







"The Electrical Life of Louis Wain", 2021















Medication

MEDICATION

Antidepressants

Tricyclics

Selective Serotonin
Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs)

Newer agents (SNaRIs, NaSSAs, NaRIs)

Mood Stabilisers



Amitriptyline, Imipramine

Fluoxetine (Prozac), Sertraline, Citalopram, Paroxetine

Venlafaxine, Mirtazapine, Reboxetine, Nefazodone

Lithium, Sodium Valproate

Antidepressants often take 4 to 6 weeks to work, and the first one a patient tries usually isn't helpful

MEDICATION

Antidepressants: SSRIs, SNaRIs, NaSSAs, NaRIs

- Sometimes kick in sooner than 2 weeks
- Fewer side effects (nausea, transient)
- Withdrawal
- Much more specific
- Prozac used for everything including the cat & the plants!







MINOR TRANQUILLISERS













MEDICATION

Antipsychotics

USES

- Tranquillise disturbed patients, whatever the cause
- Alleviate anxiety
- Relieve florid (positive) psychotic symptoms, eg delusions, hallucinations, thought disorder
- Used in both acute and chronic disorders
- Prevent relapse

SIDE EFFECTS

- Tremors and other abnormal movements
- Weight gain with risk of diabetes, stroke and heart problems







MEDICATION

Antipsychotics

OLDER EXAMPLES

- Chlorpromazine
- Trifluperazine
- Haloperidol

MODERN

- Risperidone
- Olanzapine
- Quetiapine
- Aripiprazole

DEPOT INJECTIONS

- Modecate
- Depixol
- Clopixol



CONTROVERSY



Prescripticide

"What is offered as care can be lethally harmful!"









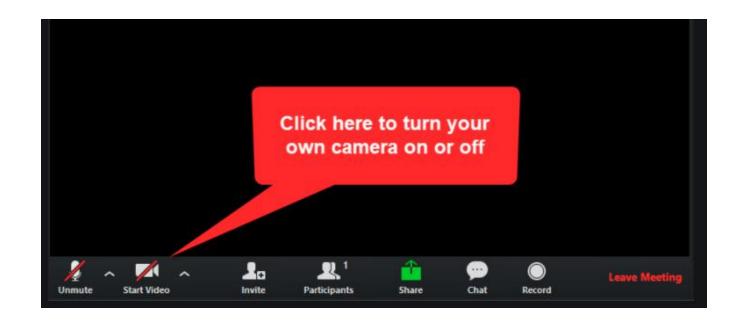


Prof Joanna Moncrieff, psychiatrist
Professor of Critical and Social Psychiatry at
University College London and a leading
figure in the Critical Psychiatry Network



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THANK YOU!



Zuranolone

March 7, 2022

A new antidepressant appears to provide faster relief to people suffering major depressive disorder (MDD), according to a new study. If approved by the FDA (US Food & Drug Administration), the drug could be combined with standard treatments in the short term to quickly reduce patients' symptoms and stabilise their mental health



Antidepressants often take 4 to 6 weeks to work, and the first one a patient tries usually isn't helpful

https://www.freethink.com/health/new-antidepressant

MODELS OF DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT

Biological Models

- Mental illness is seen as being no different from any physical illness
- It has physical causes and therefore requires physical treatments

Psychological Models

- The real cause of mental illness is in the psychopathology of the patient
- The use of medication to make a person feel better is not treating the real problem
- Therapy can help

MODELS OF DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT

Social Models – 2 types

LABELLING

- Behaviours disliked by society are labelled as symptoms of a psychiatric illness
- Medication not necessary the problem is society's definition of 'normal'

SOCIAL SITUATIONS

- Mental disorders seen to be the result of dysfunctional family and society situational,
 systemic
- Eg poverty creates situations which a person cannot control, leading to anxiety & depression

IN REALITY

- Most integrative models of mental illness nowadays acknowledge a combination of biological, psychological, social and spiritual factors
- For some medications have turned their life around, and others find that psychological treatments were the key to solving their problems; or a combination of the two

Changes in Psychiatric Services

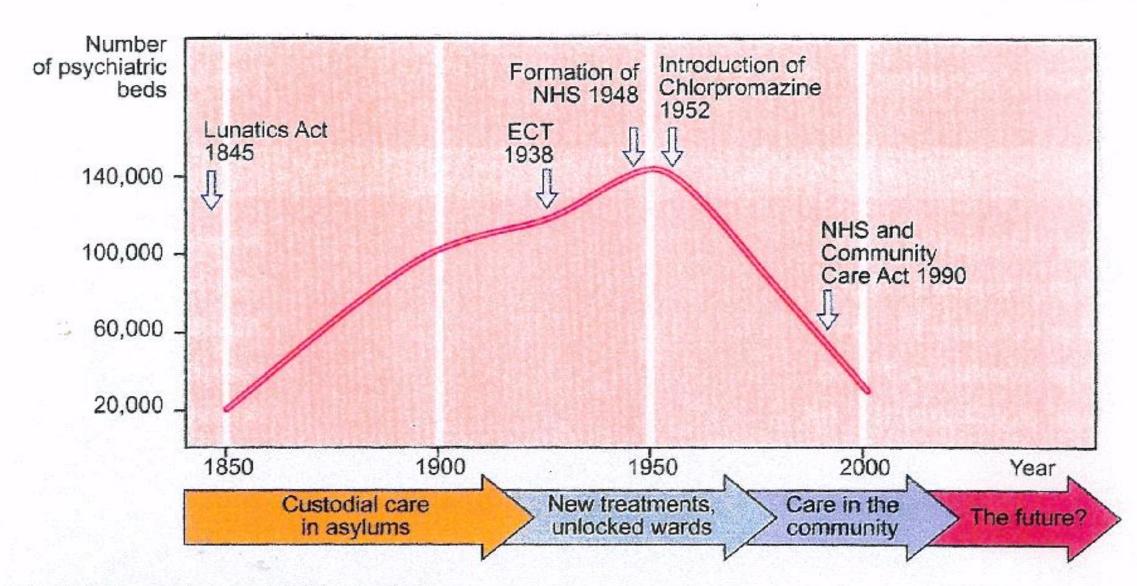


Fig. 2 Changes in psychiatric services.



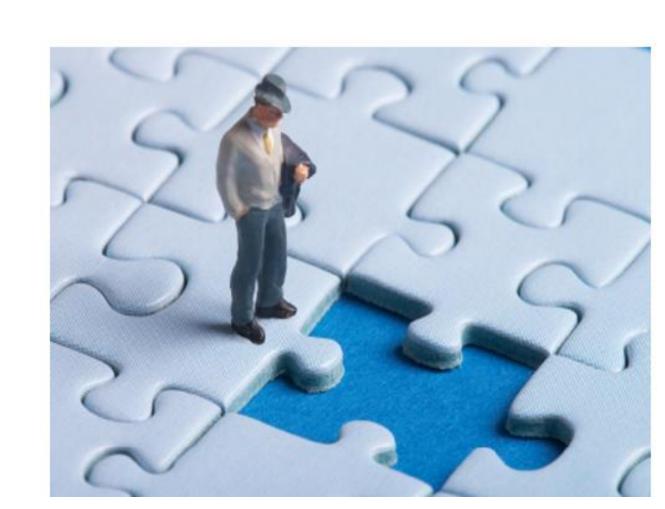
Lord Richard Layard was Senior Research Officer for the Robbins Committee on Higher Education. His work on mental health, including publishing The Depression Report in 2006, led to the establishment of the Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) programme in England. He is co-editor of the World Happiness Report.

Counsellors were required to take 2 yr CBT training course at a cost of £4,000 to work in NHS practice...

- Care in the Community
- > Hospitalisation/home treatment
- > Support Groups
- Counselling
- Increased Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT)
- > Faith Organisations

What works for whom?

- Prof Mick Cooper: "The Facts are Friendly" except for NLP
- CBT strong for depression and anxiety disorders
- Psychoeducation
- Relationships conflict resolution
- Problem solving
- Money management
- Using the Benefits System
- Social entrepreneurship
- Physical exercise
- Stress management
- Being in work



Therapies offered by the NHS

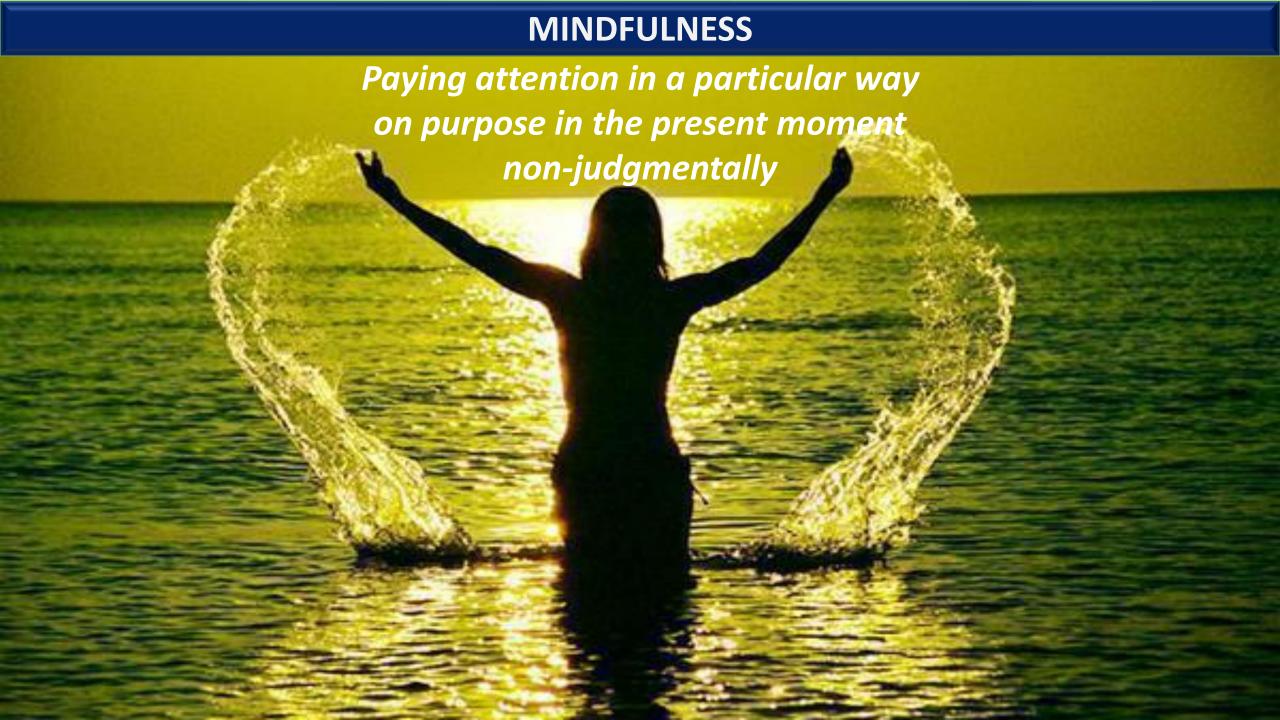
- CBT
- Guided Self-Help
- Counselling
- Behavioural Activation
- Interpersonal Therapy
- EMDR
- Mindfulness-based Cognitive Therapy
- Psychodynamic Psychotherpy
- Couple Therapy

Can apply online without GP referral

Counselling for Depression

Humanistic or Person Centred Diploma required to do "Person Centred Experiential Counselling for Depression" training.





PSILOCYBIN - THE FUTURE?

Psilocybin Treatment for Major Depression Effective for Up to a Year for Most Patients, Study Shows

02/15/2022

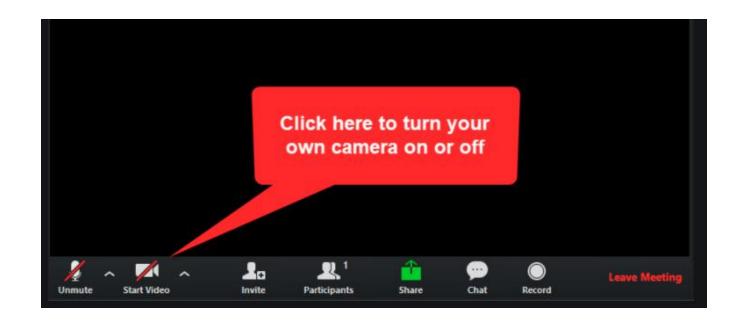




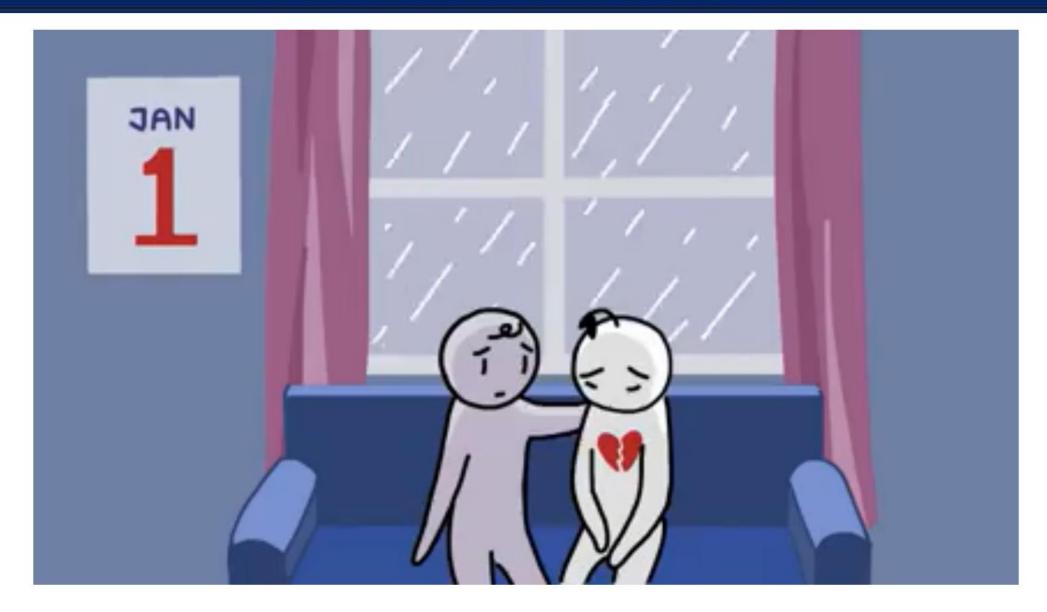
- Over the last 20 years growing research with classic psychedelic drugs
- Psilocybin = ingredient found in "magic mushrooms"!
- Carefully controlled conditions in research setting
- Significant and durable improvements in a range of mental health disorders
- Includes alcohol use disorder, in conjunction with talk therapy – some dramatic results

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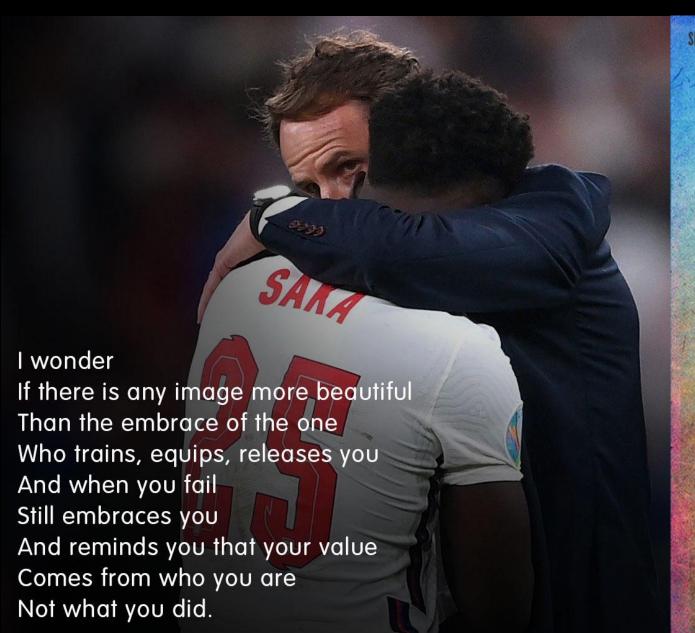
THANK YOU!



10 SIGNS YOU SHOULD NOT IGNORE



https://youtu.be/9B-wTp2PZH8



SIXTYANDME.COM

The most beautiful people we have known are those who have known defeat, known suffering, known struggle, known loss, and have found their way out of the depths. These persons have an appreciation, a sensitivity, and an understanding of life that fills them with compassion, gentleness, and a deep loving concern.

> Beautiful people do not just happen.

> > **Elisabeth Kubler-Ross**

Gareth Southgate consoles Bukayo Saka

Euro2020CupFinal













Wheel of Life



Working with Animal Figures Online Pack



Therapeutic Sandscapes™ Online Pack



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Mending Broken Relationships – Training Video

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Using TA Creatively in Counselling – Training Video £30.00



the Inner Child in Counselling Training Video

£30.00



Working Creatively with Blocked Anger – Training Video

£30.00



Working Creatively with Nesting Dolls in Counselling - Training Video

£30.00



Working with Gestalt in the Counselling Room – Training Video

£30.00



Attachment Behaviour in the Counselling Room – Training Video

£30.00

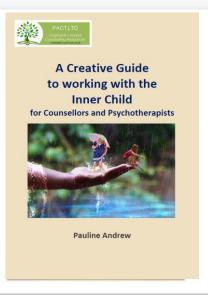


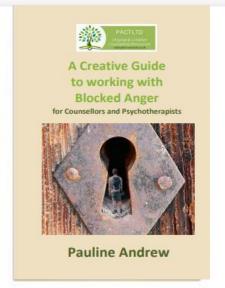
Narcissism and Echoism – Training Video

£30.00



Working with Loss and Grief – Training Video £30.00





A Creative Guide to Working with the Inner Child

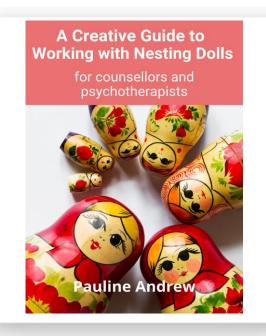
£11.50

A Creative Guide to Working with Blocked Anger

£11.50

Now available on Kindle and as Paperback from Amazon.co.uk

and Paperback from www.pact-resources.co.uk



A Creative Guide to Working with Nesting Dolls

£11.50



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- Please answer the joining questions!



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YOUTUBE CHANNEL

Search: Brain Body and Beyond

- Videos on Life, the Brain and Relationships
- Please subscribe!



COMING UP IN OCTOBER!



Online Event

3 Ways to Work with Animal Figures Weds Oct 5

Price Starts from: £10.00

October 5, 2022 7:00 pm - 9:00 pm



Online Event

3 More Ways to Work with the Inner Child Thurs Oct 13

Price Starts from: £10.00

October 13, 2022 7:00 pm - 9:00 pm



Working with Loss and Grief Thurs Oct 27

Price Starts from: £10.00

October 27, 2022 9:30 am - 1:00 pm Please send us your feedback!



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pact-resources.co.uk





